Listening

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2
*Responding to music through movement, altering movement to reflect the tempo, dynamics or pitch of the music.	Recognising and understanding the difference between pulse and rhythm.	*Recognising timbre changes in music they listen to.
Exploring lyrics by suggesting appropriate actions.	*Understanding that different types of sounds are called timbres.	Recognising structural features in music they *listen to.
Exploring the story behind the lyrics or music. Listening to and following a beat using body percussion and instruments.	*Recognising basic tempo, dynamic and pitch changes (faster/slower, louder/quieter and higher/lower).	Listening to and recognising instrumentation. *Beginning to use musical vocabulary to describe
*Considering whether a piece of music has a fast, moderate or slow tempo.	Describing the character, mood, or 'story' of music they listen to, both verbally and through	music. Identifying melodies that move in steps.
Listening to sounds and matching them to the object or instrument.	Describing the differences between two pieces of music.	Listening to and repeating a short, simple melody by ear.
*Listening to sounds and identifying high and low pitch.	Expressing a basic opinion about music (like/dislike).	Suggesting improvements to their own and others' work.
Listening to and repeating a simple rhythm. Listening to and repeating simple lyrics.	Listening to and repeating short, simple rhythmic	
Understanding that different instruments make different sounds and grouping them accordingly.	Listening and responding to other performers by playing as part of a group.	*Also form part of the 'Inter-related dimensions of music' strand.



*Discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vozabulary (Indian, classical, Chinese, Battle Songs, Ballads, Jazz). Understanding that music from different parts of the world has different features. *Recognising and discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vozabulary. (Samba, Rock and Roll). *Recognising and explaining the changes within a piece of music using musical vozabulary. *Recognising and explaining the changes within a piece of music using musical vozabulary. *Describing the timbre, dynamic, and textural details of a piece of music. *Recognising, and introduced the timbre approach of the composers of the effect of the interrelated dimensions of music. *Recognising, and discussing the stylistic features of a piece of music using musical vozabulary. *Comparing, discussing and evaluating musical vozabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) to discuss and evaluating the stylistic features of a piece of music. *Use musical vozabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) to discuss and evaluate their own and others' work. *Using musical vozabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) when discussing improvements to their own and others' work.	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
evaluate their own and others work.	*Discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary (Indian, classical, Chinese, Battle Songs, Ballads, Jazz). Understanding that music from different parts of the world has different features. *Recognising and explaining the changes within a piece of music using musical vocabulary. *Describing the timbre, dynamic, and textural details of a piece of music, both verbally, and through movement. Beginning to show an awareness of metre. *Beginning to use musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) when discussing improvements to their own and others'	Recognising the use and development of motifs in music. *Identifying gradual dynamic and tempo changes within a piece of music. Recognising and discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary (Samba, Rock and Roll). Identifying common features between different genres, styles and traditions of music. *Recognising, naming and explaining the effect of the interrelated dimensions of music. *Identifying scaled dynamics (crescendo/decrescendo) within a piece of music. *Using musical vocabulary to discuss the purpose of a piece of music. *Using musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) when discussing improvements to their	*Recognising and confidently discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary. (South African, West African, Musical, Theatre, Blues, Dance Remix.). *Representing the features of a piece of music using graphic notation, and colours, justifying their choices with reference to musical vocabulary. *Comparing, discussing and evaluating music using detailed musical vocabulary. *Developing confidence in using detailed musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) to discuss and evaluate their own and	Discussing musical eras in context, identifying how they have influenced each other, and discussing the impact of different composers on the development of musical styles. Recognising and confidently discussing the stylistic features of music and relating it to other aspects of the Arts (Pop art, Film music). *Representing changes in pitch, dynamics and texture using graphic notation, justifying their choices with reference to musical vocabulary. Identifying the way that features of a song can complement one another to create a coherent overall effect. *Use musical vocabulary correctly when describing and evaluating the features of a piece of music. Evaluating how the venue, occasion and purpose affects the way a piece of music sounds. *Confidently using detailed musical vocabulary (related to the inter-related dimensions of music) to discuss and



Composing

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2
Playing untuned percussion 'in time' with a piece of music.	Selecting and creating short sequences of sound with voices or instruments to represent a given idea or character.	Selecting and creating longer sequences of appropriate sounds with voices or instruments to represent a given idea or character.
Selecting classroom objects to use as		
instruments.	Combining instrumental and vocal sounds within a given structure.	*Successfully combining and layering several instrumental and vocal patterns within a given
Experimenting with body percussion and vocal		structure.
sounds to respond to music.	Creating simple melodies using a few notes.	
Selecting appropriate instruments to represent action and mood.	*Choosing dynamics, tempo and timbre for a piece of music.	Creating simple melodies from five or more notes.
action and mood.	piece of music.	*Choosing appropriate dynamics, tempo and
Experimenting with playing instruments in different ways.	Creating a simple graphic score to represent a composition.	timbre for a piece of music.
•	·	Using letter name and graphic notation to
	Beginning to make improvements to their work as suggested by the teacher.	represent the details of their composition.
		Beginning to suggest improvements to their own work.
		*Also form part of the 'Inter-related dimensions of music' strand.



Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Composing a piece of music in a given style with voices and instruments (Battle Song, Indian Classical, Jazz, Swing). Combining melodies and rhythms to compose a multi-layered	Composing a coherent piece of music in a given style with voices, bodies and instruments. Beginning to improvise musically within a given style.	Composing a detailed piece of music from a given stimulus with voices, bodies and instruments (Remix, Colours, Stories, Drama). Improvising coherently within a given style.	Improvising coherently and creatively within a given style, incorporating given features. Composing a multi-layered piece of music from a given stimulus with voices, bodies and Instruments.
 composition in a given style (pentatonic). *Using letter name and rhythmic notation (graphic or staff), and key musical vocabulary to label and 	Developing melodies using rhythmic variation, transposition, inversion, and looping. *Creating a piece of music with at least four different layers and a	*Combining rhythmic patterns (ostinato) into a multi-layered composition using all the inter- related dimensions of music to add musical interest.	Composing an original song, incorporating lyric writing, melody writing and the composition of accompanying features, within a given structure.
*Suggesting and implementing improvements to their own work, using musical vocabulary.	*Using letter name, graphic and rhythmic notation and key musical vocabulary to label and record their compositions.	Using staff notation to record rhythms and melodies. *Selecting, discussing and refining musical choices both alone and with others, using musical vocabulary with confidence.	*Developing melodies using rhythmic variation, transposition and changes in dynamics, pitch and texture. Recording own composition using appropriate forms of notation
*Also form part of the 'Inter- related dimensions of music' strand.	others' work, using musical vocabulary.	Suggesting and demonstrating improvements to own and others' work.	and/or technology and incorporating. *Constructively critique their own and others' work, using musical vocabulary.



Performing

EYFS	Year 1	Year 2
Using their voices to join in with well-known songs from memory.	Using their voices expressively to speak and chant.	*Using their voices expressively when singing, including the use of basic dynamics (loud and quiet).
Remembering and maintaining their role within a group performance.	Singing short songs from memory, maintaining the overall shape of the melody and keeping in time.	Singing short songs from memory, with melodic and rhythmic accuracy.
Moving to music with instruction to perform actions.	Maintaining the pulse (play on the beat) using	Copying longer rhythmic patterns on untuned
Participating in performances to a small	hands, and tuned and untuned instruments.	percussion instruments, keeping a steady pulse.
audience.	Copying back short rhythmic and melodic phrases on percussion instruments.	*Performing expressively using dynamics and timbre to alter sounds as appropriate.
Stopping and starting playing at the right time.	*Responding to simple musical instructions such as tempo and dynamic changes as part of a class performance.	Singing back short melodic patterns by ear and playing short melodic patterns from letter notation.
	Performing from graphic notation.	
		*Also form part of the 'Inter-related dimensions of music' strand.



Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Singing songs in a variety of musical styles with accuracy and control, demonstrating developing vocal technique. Singing and playing in time with peers, with some degree of accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance. *Performing from basic staff notation, incorporating rhythm and pitch and being able to identify these symbols using musical terminology	*Singing longer songs in a variety of musical styles from memory, with accuracy, control, fluency and a developing sense of expression including control of subtle dynamic changes. Singing and playing in time with peers with accuracy and awareness of their part in the group performance. Playing melody parts on tuned instruments with accuracy and control and developing instrumental technique. Playing syncopated rhythms with accuracy, control and fluency.	Singing songs in two or more parts, in a variety of musical styles from memory, with accuracy, fluency, control and expression. *Working as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting dynamics and pitch according to a graphic score, keeping in time with others and communicating with the group. Performing with accuracy and fluency from graphic and simple staff notation. Playing a simple chord progression with accuracy and fluency.	Singing songs in two or more secure parts from memory, with accuracy, fluency, control and expression. *Working as a group to perform a piece of music, adjusting the interrelated dimensions of music as required, keeping in time with others and communicating with the group. Performing a solo or taking a leadership role within a performance. Performing with accuracy and fluency from graphic and staff notation and from their own notation. Performing by following a conductor's cues and directions. *Also form part of the 'Interrelated dimensions of music' strand.



The History of Music – KS2 only

Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Understanding that music from different times has different features.	*Recognising and discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music using musical vocabulary.	*Confidently discussing the stylistic features of different genres, styles and traditions of music and explaining how these have	*Discussing musical eras in context, identifying how they have influenced each other, and discussing the impact of different
(Also part of the Listening strand)	(Also part of the Listening strand)	developed over time. (Also part of the Listening strand)	composers on the development of musical styles. (Also part of the Listening strand)
			*Also form part of the 'Inter- related dimensions of music' strand.

